

# Redhead Freight Ltd Gender Pay Gap Report 2021 - (April 2020)

Redhead Freight Ltd, along with all employers with 250 or more employees, are required by the Government to report on gender pay gap data in a consistent format using employee pay data captured on 5<sup>th</sup> April 2020.

We want to ensure all our employees have equal opportunities to achieve their ambitions and reach their full potential. We have begun to explore what more we can do to ensure we embed equality, diversity and inclusion in everything we do.

As experienced by many businesses 2020 was an unprecedented year; the Covid-19 Pandemic and Brexit having large impacts.

Redhead Frieght Ltd., as an essential business, did not close during the lockdowns of 2020 and our warehouses remained operational therefore a proportion of staff remained onsite with stringent health and safety protocols in place to keep our people safe. Most of our office employees worked from home from March 2020 and continue to do during 2021. This has supported working families juggling homeschooling and work commitments and we were able to be as flexible as possible with working hours and days.

We are confident that our gender pay gap is not an equal pay issue which is when men and women are paid differently to do the same job. We believe our gender pay gap is instead being driven by several factors, one of which is a historical factor surrounding our industry. The Logistics and Transport industry has historically been male dominated, and as such when recruiting for management and senior management roles (including roles with a global or regional scope) we have found that many suitable applicants are male.

Redhead International became part of DB Schenker in February 2016. As part of DB Schenker we are committed to being an inclusive employer and supporting a working environment that allows all genders, ethnicities, disabilities and lifestyles to bring their whole selves to work and embraces people's differences, for our collective advancement.

## **Gender Pay Gap**

At 18.6%, our mean gender pay gap is higher than the 2020 national average of 15.5%, as identified by the Office for National Statistics and higher than our reported 2019 mean gender pay gap of 13.2%.

The Labour Force Survey suggests that Covid-19 did not have a notable impact on the gender pay gap.

Women continue to be under-represented at more senior levels in our business which is the primary contributor to our gender pay gap.

The below outlines the hourly pay gap difference between men and women:



|                | Mean  | Median |
|----------------|-------|--------|
| Hourly Pay Gap | 18.6% | 4.5%   |
|                |       |        |

## **Bonus Gap**

Bonus pay for this report includes any bonus that was paid in the preceding 12 months to April 2020. This will include payments through our management bonus scheme which is paid as a percentage of salary, as well as any payments for commission or incentives.

National data for bonus gender gaps varies a great deal; where organisations have a senior manager bonus scheme, and their senior manager population is more male than female, then gaps are expected, particularly where bonus is paid as a percentage of salary.

Our Bonus Gap shows our mean bonus gap is 76.7% and our median bonus gap is 86.6% and this shows an improvement from the 2019 mean bonus gap of 77% but an increase from our 2019 median bonus gap of 43.2%. This shows that the industry under- representation of women in senior roles plays out in our bonus gap.

The below outlines the percentage of employees who received a bonus, and the difference between men and women relating to the bonus payments received.



9.1% of Female employees received a bonus



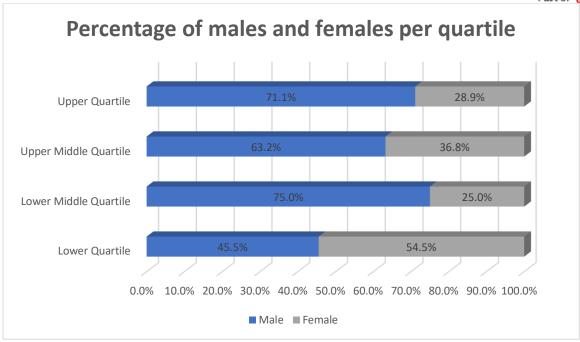
12.1% of Male employees received a bonus

|               | Mean  | Median |
|---------------|-------|--------|
| Bonus Pay Gap | 76.7% | 86.6%  |
|               |       |        |

## Proportion of male and females in each pay quartile

As part of the gender pay gap reporting we are publishing below the proportions of men and women in the lower, lower middle, upper middle and upper quartiles of our business.





The figures set out above have been calculated using the standard methodologies used in the Equality Act 2010 (Gender Pay Gap Information) Regulations 2017.

#### **Our Actions**

Last year we committed to continue to take action and this was demonstrated in the below areas to address the gender pay gap, to ensure balance across the business, to support our workforce in achieving their career goals and to attract future talent.

- Wellbeing Campaigns throughout 2020 there have been additional tools made available to all employees, through webinars supporting working parents to online Zoom workout classes. Mental Health has been at the forefront of ensuring our employee's wellbeing.
- Regular Community Calls across the business worldwide sharing best practice and achievements.
- Career Development We aim to have more women in leadership positions, so we are working on succession planning, learning and career development.

### **Highlights for 2020**

Adjusted Home Working – adapted to support working parents during the Covid-19
 Pandemic giving greater flexibility of working and caring for family. There have been options
 to work reduced hours and/or change working patterns where needed.



We are confident that we will see a long-term positive impact on our gender pay gap as a result of our focus in these areas, as we work towards building a strong future for women within the Freight industry.

The company confirms that the data provided in this report, and the master data upon which this report is based is accurate and in accordance with the Equality Act 2010 (Gender Pay Gap Information) Regulations 2017.

Debbie Mansfield CHRO